## 236716 Computer Aided Geometric Design HW 2 Instructor: Gershon Elber T.A.: Boris van Sosin

Handed Out: July 7th, 2025

Due Date: July 8, 2025 (12:30)

- 1. (30 pt) Prove or dispute:
  - (a) All the control points of a B-spline curve are on some B-spline surface. Hence, all the curve must be contained in the surface.
  - (b) All the control points of a linear B-spline curve are on some B-spline surface. Hence, all the curve must be contained in the surface.
  - (c) All the control points of a linear B-spline curve are on some bi-linear B-spline surface. Hence, all the curve must be contained in the surface.
  - (d) A 3D bilinear Bézier surface must be contained in the tetrahedron defined by its 4 corners.
- 2. (20 pt) A parabolic point (curve) is a point (curve) on some surface, in which the Gaussian curvature is zero K = 0.
  - (a) What are the parabolic curves of a torus, if any?
  - (b) What are the parabolic curves of a surface of revolution, if any?
- 3. (20 pt) Consider B, an axis-parallel bounding box of a B-spline surface S, with open-end conditions, computed from the control mesh of S.
  - (a) S is  $C^1$  continuous. Is B a tight axis-parallel bounding box of S?
  - (b) S is only  $C^0$  continuous. Is B a tight axis-parallel bounding box of S?
  - (c) If either (a) or (b) or both are not tight, can you propose a solution to devised a tight axis-parallel bounding box for S? A hint: where can the global extrema of S occur?
- 4. (30 pt) Let S(u, v) be a polynomial Bézier surface in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with orders (m, n), and c(t) be a piece-wise polynomial B-spline curve in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  of order q.
  - (a) What conditions must be imposed on c(t) so that the function composition S(c(t)) is well-defined?
  - (b) Write the formula for computing S(c(t)) as symbolic operations on scalar B-spline curves and the (u, v) parameters of S. Leaving the answer as addition/product/etc. of scalar B-spline curves is fine.
  - (c) Let S(u, v) be a bi-cubic Bézier surface, and c(t) a quadratic B-spline curve with the knot vector 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3. What are the polynomial degree and knot vector of S(c(t))?